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# SOFTWARE

## Impacts of PITAC 1999 Report

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PITAC Meeting

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# SOFTWARE

***Major recommendation:***

**Make fundamental software research an  
absolute priority**

**Followed by four other recommendations and a budget  
recommendation**



## **Make software research a substantive component of every major information technology research initiative.**

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- High Confidence Systems (HCS) Program Component Area (PCA) renamed as High Confidence Software and Systems (HCSS) PCA
  - Expansion of coverage to include information assurance and safety in addition to security
- New Software Design and Productivity (SDP) PCA
  - Coordinate research leading to more productive software development methods and higher-quality software with predictable characteristics that is cost effective
- Human Centered Systems (HuCS) PCA restructured as Human Computer Interaction and Information Management (HCI&IM) PCA with an expanded research agenda



## *Software efforts in other areas of PITAC Report*

- High End Computing (HECC) PCA — examples include:
  - Applications codes
  - Reusable libraries
  - Implementation technologies / compilers and run-time systems
  - Tools to debug/monitor/simulate execution
- Large-scale Networking (LSN) PCA, for example:
  - Middleware management software
  - Middleware networking needs for visionary scenarios
- Potential cross-agency efforts to address software problems that span PCAs



## **Fund more fundamental research in software development methods and component technologies**

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- Component-based software design
- Technologies for automated analysis, simulation, and testing of components and systems
- A library of certified domain-specific software components
- Predictable, reliable, and secure components and systems
- Technologies for interoperable distributed applications
- Model-based design for embedded software



# Support fundamental research in human-computer interfaces and interaction

- Virtual reality and virtual environments
  - Faster computations and faster hardware to update visualizations
  - Haptic devices, CAVEs, etc.
  - Training for the military, NASA mission rehearsal, flight simulation, fire fighting, police training, piloting ships and submarines (generally rare and/or dangerous scenarios)
  - Applied to distance education, training, learning
- Universal access
  - The goal is to “provide easy access for all people, regardless of economic circumstances, physical impairment, or intellectual limitations” [February 1999 PITAC report].
  - Develop technologies for military applications. These have possible dual use for the disabled.



**Fund more fundamental research in information management technologies to (1) capture, organize, process, analyze, and explain information and (2) make information available for its myriad uses**

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Multi-agency Digital Libraries Initiative begun in 1994 continues and is expanded

- Digital library collection building, management, and dissemination responsibilities (NSF, AHRQ, DOE, NASA, NIH, NOAA)
  - Joint Conference on Digital Libraries (June 24-28,2001)  
<http://www.jcdl.org/>
- Biomedical Information Science and Technology Initiative (BISTI) underway at NIH
  - ISCAR: Information Storage, Curation, Analysis, and Retrieval



## **Budget recommendation: Increase funding for software research**

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- NSF, with greatly increased funding of software research, implemented the PITAC's recommendations in Information Technology Research (ITR) initiative begun in FY2000
  - Larger individual grants
  - Support for more researchers
  - Support for thematic programs





## ***Example of a Thematic Program:*** **CISE Quantum and Biologically Inspired Computing (QuBIC)**

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- **The program will support interdisciplinary research to improve the fundamental capabilities of computer science by incorporating insights from either biological systems or quantum foundations or both.**
- **Group proposals representing multiple disciplines will receive priority but single investigator proposals that are cross-disciplinary will also be considered.**



# Software Funding Overview

## FY 1999 - FY 2004

	FY1999	FY2000	FY2001	FY2002	FY2003	FY2004
<b>Total PITAC Software Recommendations (Change from FY1999)</b>	n/a	+112M	+268M	+376M	+472M	+540M
<b>SDP</b>	0	58.8M <sup>1</sup>	120.3M <sup>2</sup>			
<b>HCSS</b>	100M	92.0M <sup>1</sup>	98.3M <sup>2</sup>			
<b>HCI&amp;IM (without NIH)</b>	132M	168.0M <sup>1</sup>	235.7M <sup>2</sup>			
<b>HCI&amp;IM / NIH</b>	3.0M	62.0M <sup>1</sup>	99.0M <sup>2</sup>			
<b>TOTAL: SDP, HCSS, and HCI&amp;IM (includes NIH)</b>	235M	380.8M <sup>1</sup>	553.3M <sup>2</sup>			
<b>Total Change from FY 1999</b>	n/a	+145.8M	+318.3M			
<b>TOTAL: SDP, HCSS, and HCI&amp;IM (without NIH)</b>	232M	318.8M <sup>1</sup>	454.3M <sup>2</sup>			
<b>Change from FY1999 (without NIH)</b>	n/a	+86.8M	+222.3M			
		<sup>1</sup> FY2000 estimate	<sup>2</sup> FY2001 request			

Some software R&D is in the HEC and LSN PCAs.